21.12.04, provides for atleast 100 days of guaranteed wage employment in every financial year to rural poor households whose adult members volunteer to do unskilled manual labour. 'Poor household' means a household living during the relevant financial year, below the poverty line and includes the households of all primitive tribal groups as approved by the Central Govt. More than one adult member of the household can avail of the benefit under the Scheme to be made under the proposed legislations subject to the overall household entitlement.

Special projects from Rajasthan under SGSY

†4474. SHRI LALIT KISHORE CHATURVEDI: Will the Minister of RURAL DEVELOPMENT be pleased to state:

(a) whether Rajasthan Government have sent 17 special projects involving Rs. 130.52 crore under Swarn Jayanti Gram Swarozgar Yojana to Government of India; and

(b) whether the said projects have been sanctioned; if not, the reasons therefore alongwith the action being taken thereon?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF RURAL DEVELOPMENT (SHRIMATI SURYAKANTA PATIL): (a) Yes, Sir.

(b) The Ministry has already sanctioned 21 Special Projects under the Swarn Jayanti Gram Swarozgar Yojana to the Government of Rajasthan. The Project Approval Committee had decided to comprehensively review all the sanctioned projects before new projects are sanctioned. The review meeting was held on 20th April, 2005.

Powerloom, handloom and handicraft units functioning in the country

4475. PROF. M.M. AGARWAL: Will the Minister of TEXTILES be pleased to state:

(a) the State-wise details of powerloom, handloom and handicrafts units functioning at present in the country and the employees working in each of them;

†Original notice of the question was received in Hindi.

(b) the State-wise details of financial grants provided to above mentioned units during the last three years;

(c) the details of aforesaid units running in losses and profits; and

(d) the necessry steps being taken by Government for revival of closed/ sick units in the country?

THE MINISTER OF TEXTILES (SHRI SHANKERSINH VAGHELA): (a) The handicrafts and handloom units are functioning in unorganized sector, therefore no authentic data is centrally maintained on the number of units functioning as well as artisans working in each of them. The details of State-wise powerloom units and employees working in them are in the Statement (*See* below).

(b) The various schemes run by the Central Government for development and promotion of handicrafts, handlooms and powerlooms adopt individual beneficiary as well as group/cluster approach. Hence, unit-wise and state-wise information is not maintained by the Central Government. However, the Government of India during the last three years has spent the following amount under various schemes for development and promotion of handlooms, handicrafts and powerlooms:

(Rs. in crores)

	Handlooms	Handicrafts	Powerlooms
2002-03	103.75	71.65	4.38
2003-04	97.65	64.32	8.12
2004-05	113.60	77.07	5.70

(c) No such data is centrally maintained.

(d) The Government through various schemes provides a conducive environment for the growth of the textile industry. Some of the important schemes being implemented in these sectors are:

Handlooms : Deen Dayal Hathkargha Protsahan Yojana (DDHPY),

Handicrafts : Baba Saheb Ambedkar Hastshilp Vikas Yojana and Design & Technology Upgradation Scheme.

Powerlooms : Technology Upgradation Funds Scheme (TUFS) and Group Workshed Scheme (GWS).

Statement

Position of the State/Union Territory-wise installation of powerlooms as on 31.03.05

Sl. No.	Name of the State/ Union Territory	No. of Powerloom Units	No. of Workers as at the end of the Month
1	2	3	4
I.	**States**		
1.	Andhra Pradesh	9687	110435
2.	Assam	261	6815
3.	Bihar	1443	7235
4.	Goa	18	305
5.	Gujarat	32183	805923
6.	Haryana	2655	24753
7.	Himachal Pradesh	182	3653
8.	Jammu & Kashmir	56	163
9.	Karnataka	24579	204673
10.	Kerala	660	6828
11.	Madhya Pradesh	30666	189335
12.	Maharashtra	214308	2150738
13.	Orissa	792	3303
14.	Punjab	3661	59050
15.	Rajasthan	4018	80773
16.	Tamil Nadu	74316	914493
17.	Uttar Pradesh	25129	164910
18.	West Bengal	888	11663
19.	Delhi	124	2755

1	2	3	4
20.	Arunachal Pradesh, Manipur, Mizoram, Meghalaya, Nagaland, Sikkim, Tripura	0	0
II. Union Territory			
21.	Chandigarh	11	105
22.	Dadra & Nagar Haveli	38	2405
23.	Pondicherry	117	2075
24.	Andaman & Nikobar, Daman & Diu, Lakshadweep	0	0
	Total:	425792	4757383

Steps to boost handloom and handicrafts products

†4476. SHRI LAXMINARAYAN SHARMA: Will the Minister of TEXTILES be pleased to state the provision made with respect to marketing promotion under the Deen Dayal Handloom Promotion Scheme for boosting the handloom and handicrafts products in view of universalization of textile trade?

THE MINISTER OF TEXTILES (SHRI SHANKERSINH VAGHELA): Marketing Incentive (MI) is one of the components of the Deen Dayal Hathkargha Protsahan Yojana under which assistance is provided to boost the sale of handloom products. However, under the DDHPY, there is no provision for providing assistance for boosting the handicrafts products. MI is an assistance to the implementing agency for preparing conditions which are conducive to marketing of handloom products. The implementing agencies are expected to use this assistance towards activities which would attract consumers in order to gear up the overall sales of handloom goods.

Under Marketing Incentive component of DDHPY, National Level Handloom Organizations/State Handloom Corporations/Apex Weavers Cooperative Societies get assistance @ 8% in first 2 years (2000-01 & 2001-02), 6% in the next 2 years (2002-03 & 2003-04), 4% in the subsequent 2 years (2004-05 & 2005-06) and 2% in the seventh year (2006-07), of their average sales turnover of handloom fabrics, made-ups and garments as shown in audited accounts for the 3 years preceding the financial year, the grant of assistance for which is under consideration. As far as Primary Weavers Cooperative Societies are concerned, the

†Original notice of the question was received in Hindi.